SDITORS AND PROPRIETORS. SATURDAY

Brownson on Squatter Severeignty By request we print on the first page at article from the July number of Brownson's Quarterly Review, a Catholic journal, on squatter sovereignty. There seems to be the same diversity among Catholic as other journals in regard to Mr. Donglas. The New York Freeman's Journal is so ardently for Douglas that it declares that New York is sure to go for him. In politics no one is regarded as friendly to a candidate unless he constantly affirms that he will carry any State that may be named, and is sure to be elected. The Cincinnati Enquirer is an affeeting instance of this fidelity toward Doug-The Freeman's Journal, since it has taken to politics, has come fully into the political habit.

The article of Mr. Brownson is a good argument against what is called popular sovereignty, that is the right of the majority to enslave the minority-for that, we take it, is the principle of the thing-but it is written under an error as to the position of Mr-Douglas, which does him injustice: that is, that Mr. Douglas means by popular sovereignty that the people of the Territories may exclude slave property. We have been a tolerably close observer of Mr. Douglas's political declarations, and we do not think that any such doctrine can be made out from any thing that he has ever written or spoken.

At the outset of the popular-sovereignty doctrine, when all there was of it was injected into the bowels of the Nebraska Bill. he said that the power of the people to exclude slavery was a judicial question. The only judicial question that can be in regard to slavery in the Territories, is as to the nature of the right of property in slaves. If decided to be of the same nature as other property, it follows, of course, that it can no more be impaired by legislation than other property. In his speech at New Orleans, De- it copies. cember, 1858, Mr. Douglas declared that the whole question was settled.

"Slaves are regarded as property, and placed on an equal footing with all other property. Hence, the owner of slaves, the same as the owner of any other species of property, has a right to remove to any Territory and carry his property with him."

This covers the whole ground, for if a man has a right to take his property into a Territory, he has a right to adequate government protection in holding it there, and a government which did not give this, would have no claim to the allegiance of its citizens. So in his recent speech in Albany, Mr. Douglas reiterated the same declaration, as follows: "The Dred Scott decision declares that slaveother property; and stands upon the same This settles the question. No government on earth can destroy rights of property. The Constitution, Judiciary, Congress, President and Territorial Legislature combined, could not deprive a person of his right to a poor scallawag mule or cow; on the contrary, all are bound to protect him in holding that property. Mr. Douglas concedes this, and by putting slavery on the same footing as other property, he means that it is supreme over constitutions and laws,

We repeat that Mr. Douglas has never said nor written that a Territorial Legislature may exclude slavery, while he has affirmed all the principles which show that it can not. We admit that a thing called popuhar sovereignty was contrived, that was much like the good old lady's prescription of elder back, which would operate as an emetic or catharic according as the bark was scraped up or down, but the emetic, or abolition op-eration, which has been attributed to it, is aufairly charged to Mr. Douglas. Some anodyne of the kind was thought necessary for the Northern States, and Mr. Douglas would have allowed every patient to scrape the bark for himself, in order to suit the opcration to the local nature of the complaint. In this he would have acted like a skilful physician, ministering to the whims, notions, and imagination of the patient.

But other political doctors could no trust this mild treatment; they must have a lecided operation at once, and it is rather remarkable that the abolition construction which was given to popular sovereignty, was due to the South, rather more than to the North. Senator Davis, himself, was a very good abolition, popular-sovereignty man, on his New England tour. Among the rest, Mr. Freckinridge came over into the free States in 1856, ardent as youth and a Southern sun could make him, and with that zeal and facility of adaptation which have so distingraished him in his political aspirations, he proceeded to abolitionize the doctrine of popular sovereignty, to help his present

Thus, in his speech at the immense mass meeting of the people of Indiana and Illinois, at Tippecanoe Battle-ground, he said:

The people of the Territories, under the Kausas-Nebraska act, have the full right to establish or prohibit slavery, just as a State would, which principle is as old as Republican Government itself."

Again, in his speech at Indianapolis, he

"I am connected with no party that has for its object the extension of slavery, or with any to prevent the people of a State or Ter-ritory from deciding the question of its ex-istence or non-existence with them for them-

In this way the Douglas great principle of popular sovereignty has been abolitionized, to answer the temporary purpose of Southern politicians, and then it is cast off, and Mr. Douglas, who never pretended that slavery could be excluded by his great principle of popular sovereignty, is held responsible for

the perversion and abuse of it. We have admitted that popular sovereignty was contrived to serve a political necessity, but the Douglas popular sovereignty had the sovereignty of the people left out, and was a barmless anodyne. It is not becoming in those who abolitionized the principle to serve their own purposes, to condemn Mr. Douglas for it; especially Mr. Buchanan, who was elected by it; still less Mr. Breckinridge, who declared that popular sovereignty was the right of Abolition, when he was running for Vice-President; who declared that it was sufficient cause for disunion when he was elected Senator, and that a slave code was the only thing that could mave the Union when he was nominated for President!

COST OF THE LAST CENSUS,-The census of 1850 cost \$1,362,500, exclusive of printing, or almost six cents for every head enumerated. Its schedules are comprised in nearly 1,000 volumes, and its taking required 1,440,000

The mileage of the six Pacific members Congres : cost the Government over \$100,000 for the last Congress. The number has since been increased to eight, by the admission of Oregon, and will probably be carried higher in California by the census. This is paying altogether too dear for that whistle. The mileage system is a system of robbery; and what is worse, of unequal robbery. There is not that equal sharing of the plunder which is regarded or demanded by honor among thieves. Why should a Senator from Ohio receive only \$1,000 over his actual expenses. for mileage, when one from California receives \$16,000 for mileage, over his actual expenses, for each Congress? A member of Congress from Cincinnati receives \$1,052 80 for each Congress. That was the amount paid our Senator. A member from Oregon receives \$17,796; the Delegate from Washington \$17,919; the California members abou \$17,000 each, for the Congress.

One thousand dollars would be a libera allowance for the actual traveling expenses of these Pacific members, while a little more than the odd change would pay those of the Ohio members. In this way the California members receive over and above their exsenses \$15,000 each, for each Congress, more than is paid the Ohio members. There is no instice nor honesty in this inequality. Unless the Pacific members are so much better than those from the Eastern slope, or unless they require a douceur to keep them in the Union, this matter ought to be equalized.

These are the worst inequalities, but the exist to some extent throughout the system Let the members be paid what they are worth; but this should either be done by an ad valorem or a horizontal rule, according to actual expenses. Horace Greeley has done a service to the public by publishing the detailed operation of this indefensible system; and when the Commercial makes a characteristic fling at his "chronic affliction on the mileage question," while appropriating his labor in investigating the subject, it gives a fair specimen of the grace with which i habitually gives credit for the articles which

Mr. Heller's Organ Concert.

Few are acquainted with the capacity of the organ, because most of them are secluded by the use for which they are constructed Except in some of the large cities of Europe and England, there are no great organs in any place where they can be used for genera concerts: therefore the instrument is but little known outside the routine of church music. Probably but few of our citizens. when the organ concert of Mr. Heller, for the benefit of the Home of the Friendless, was announced, were aware that a genuine nusical treat was offered them; they probably thought that the cloak of the charitable bject was being made to cover an unattract property in the Territories is the same as live performance. Perhaps the ideas of many of our good citizens naturally associated i with the duliness of church music.

From these and perhaps other reasons the concert was not largely attended; but hose who were present were gratified by the display of a capability in the organ for great musical effects, such as few of them were aware of. All the rapidity of execution and delicacy of touch that the piano is capable of and all the musical effects that a full or chestra is capable of, were exhibited by Mr. Heller on the organ, while the soft tones of the organ are much more sympathetic and apressive than those of the plane.

Mr. Heller has musical genius and abilities of the highest order, and he exhibited a masterly command of the organ. We do not intend to mention the pieces in detail; but "Sweet Home," the gems from Trocatore, inluding the "Anvil Chorus," and the "Storm Piece," were very effective. Mr. Heller has acquired a small circle of friends here who Douglas and Johnson. appreciate his talents and gentlemanly bearand the thanks of our to him for his generous entertainment for the benefit of one of our charitable works.

Particulars of the Sinking of the Steamer S. P. Hibberd-Total Loss of the Boat and One Life-Cargo Worth \$40,000. The telegraph has announced the sinking of the steamer S. P. Hibberd, in the Ohio River, near New Albany, Ind., on Thursday evening, and vesterday's Louisville Couries

gives these particulars : She was sunk to the cabin floor, when about one and a half miles below New Albany, by collision with the Chancellor. She was struck on the larboard side, or guard, just forward of the boilers, and was cut down to the water's edge, sinking in less than five minutes, in the middle of the river, with the water a few inches deep on the floor of the office. She was turned completely round, and lies head up stream, just opposite Falling Run.

and lies head up stream, just opposite Falling Run.

By this disaster one life only was lost, though it occurred after all the passengers were in bed asleep, and all of them had to escape in their night clothes, smid the utmost confusion and dismay to almost all on board. It was at first thought that four lives had been lost, including two of the crew, but from the officers of the beat, who arrived from the wreck last night, we learn that all the crew were saved. The one lost was a deck passenger, of the name of Beasley, who, with his wife and child, were going to New Orleans. The child was drawn up through a hole cut in the cabin floor, and was drawn out as naked as the day it was born. The passengers and crew and baggage were all brought back to the city by the Chamellor.

The deck-load included a lot of sixteen horses, belonging to C. J. Rogers, A. W. Swym and T. J. Smith, of Cincinnati, and a fine stallion, belonging to Mr. Adams, destined for St. Louis. The latter was saved, together with six of the other horses. Mr. Quertermens, of De Witt, Arkansas, also lost a horse. The boat left this port Wednesday evening, with about 200 tuns of an assorted cargo for Memphis and way places. It was insured in the local agencies in this city for about \$40,000. Captain Hamilton, agent of the underwriters, started to the wreck, and last evening had saved a good portion of the cargo, including a lot of bagging, which was

about \$40,000. Captain Hamilton, agent of the underwriters, started to the wreck, and last evening had saved a good portion of the cargo, including a lot of bagging, which was transferred to a flatboat alongside.

The Hibberd belongs to Captain Harry, her commander, who has ber insured for \$6,000 in Pittsburg, equally divided between the Eureks and Monongabeia Agencies. He entered protest here yesterday. Captain Hamilton thinks the boat can not be saved. The books, papers, &c., are all saved.

Captain Harry is a good, safe boatman, and employs skillful, competent men. His pilot was Ben. Shirley. In addition to the freight list, she had a lot taken on board at New Albany, including twenty-five barrels lime, twenty barrels cement, and a few barrels of flour and onions.

The Chancellor escaped the collision unscathed, Captain Malbon staying by the wreck, and took off all the persons on the boat. A portion of the crew escaped in the yawls. The Hibberd met the John Tompkins a few minutes before the disaster, and the officers of the Chancellor thought it was the John Tompkins they were meeting, and were of the opinion that she had met with an accident and was crippled, and they were endeavoring to go to her rescue. We do not know that any blame can attach to any one for the disaster, and that it was unavoidable. deavoring to go to her rescue. We do not know that any blame can attach to any one for the disaster, and that it was unavoidable.

Jonathan H. Hasbrouck, of Kingston, Canada, it is said, is making arrangements to establish a new basis at that place, with a cepital of \$300,000.

The Latest News BY TELEGRAPH TO THE DAILY PRESS.

Four Days Later from Europe. Arrival of the City of Waihington.

Sr. Johns, N. F., July 27.—The steamer City of Washington from Liverpool, July 18, via Queenstown July 19, passed Cape Race at four o'clock this morning. The Associated Press's news yacht succeeded in obtaining the Cape Race Cannister, which contained, however, no summary of news, but merely two newspapers, from which the following summary of European news is compiled:

The British Government is said to have received intelligence of a fearful massacre of Christians at Da.mascus. Five hundred were killed, among whom was the Dutch Consul. The American Consul was wounded.

The two vessels which passed over to

The American Consul was wounded.

The two vessels which passed over to Garibaldi are merchant steamers.

It is confirmed that the steamer Veloce has passed over to Garibaldi.

Naples, July 24.—Patrols are constantly parading the streets.

The moderate party is full of apprehension oncerning the stabbing of an inspector of the former police, on the 12th, in the Strada A proclamation of Garibaldi, against the

A proclamation of Garibaldi, against the Bourbon dynasty, has been distributed. He says, "I am a Royalist, but prefer Victor Emmanuel, who will head us against Austria."

Naples, via Turin, July 17.—There has been a conflict between the troops and the people in consequence of popular manifestations in favor of some refugees who had disembarked at Naples. Several persons were killed.

The Ministry has been dismissed and a new Gabinet formed.

Political News.

MONTPELIER, VT., July 26.—The Democrati MONTPELIER, VT., July 29.—The Democratic State Convention, to nominate State officers and Electors at large, was held here to-day, P. Dillingham, of Waterbury, presided, and Messrs. E. M. Smalley, of Burlington, and Wyman, of St. Albone, were appointed Sec-

retaries.

John G. Saxe, of Burlington, was nominated for Governor, Stephen Thomas, of West Fairley, for Lieutenant-Governor, James S. Thurston, of Montpelier, for Treasurer, Electors at large—Isaac Bowditch and P. Dillingham, of Waterbury. The Convention was large and enthusiastic, and unanimous for Douglas and Johnson. or Douglas and Johnson.

Seneca Falls, N. Y., July 27.—The De-mocracy of Seneca County held an immense Douglas ratification meeting at this place last night. Over 3,000 persons were present Albany, July 27.—Much feeling is expressed to-day on the removal of Mesars McQuade, Signatee and Gaffney from the Custom-house, and the appointment of Mesars, Farrell, Griffin and Blanchard. The three newly appointed were all prominent in the novement which defeated Erastus Corning movement which defeated Erastus Cornic for Congress, and elected John H. Reynold by a union with the Republicans. One the appointees is the editor of the Eveni Standard (Breckinridge), and the workin editor of the morning Knickerbocker (R

The Albany "Wide-awakes" turned out it great numbers last night to attend the dedi-cation of the Wigwam at Troy. Some 500

went up.
Chicago, July 27.—Francis A. Hoffman,
who was nominated at the last Republican
State Convention, and who published his intention to withdraw, has, it is understood,
in consequence of resolutions passed at two
Congressional Conventions, concluded to
withdraw his resignation, and consented to Congressional Conventions, concluded withdraw his resignation, and consented run as a candidate for that office. Boston, July 27 .- At a meeting, held Lowell last night, a committee was appointed to invite Mr. Douglas to visit that city or

Wednesday next.

Harnissung, Penn., July 26.—The Democratic Convention adopted to-day, unamously, a series of resolutions indorsing the latform and nominations of the recent State. Convention at Reading, and also the platform and resolutions of the Baltimore Nation Democratic Convention; denouncing the plat of the State Democratic Convention for fusion, as anti-Democratic, and in opposition to the wishes of the Democratic masses, and finally declaring it to be the duty of the State Committee to call another Convention of the Democracy for the purpose of preparing an Efectoral Ticket, pledged to sustain the action of the Baltimore National Convention and the regular Democratic candidates—

New York Items.

New York Items.

New York, July 27.—Samuel C. Paxton,

President of the Corn Exchange Bank, died
suddenly yesterday of congestion of the brain.

The match between the Albany Company and St. George's Cricket Clubs commenced to-day, and Albany had made 109 on the first inning, with two wickets to go down at the date of our report. The match would be played till sundown and continued to-

morrow.

The shipment of specie for Europe tomorrow will reach \$1,500,000.

Lost night the land near Fort Bergen Hill,
on the line of the Jérsey City and Bergen
Horse-railroad, sunk ten feet, probably owing
to an under strata of quicksand.

New York Items.

New York, July 27.—The rain storm yesterday afternoon did considerable damage in this vicinity. Several houses were inundated in Williamsburg, one struck by lightning, and the inmate, Mrs. Perry, killed. A barn at New Lots was also struck and burned.

A New Yorker named Purple was stabbed twice with a Bowie-knife at the St. Nicholas-Hotel, last night, by a Philadelphian named Hyman.

Washington, July 27.—The United States Court of Pleas has adjourned to meet on the 15th of October next. But little business has been transacted during the present year, counsel in many cases preferring to await definite action on the Congressional bill proposing to so change the law and establishing that tribunal, so as to make its awards final, giving the right to appeal.

Pittsacac, July 27-P. M.—The river is falling, with four feet water by the piermark.

LOUBVILLE, July 27-P. M.—The river is falling rapidly, with three feet ten inches water in the canal. The weather is clear; mercury 80° Pirrsnung, July 27—M.—The river is falling, with five feet water by the pier-mark. The weather is clear and pleasant.

St. John's, N. F., July 27.—The Prince of Wales squadren passed Cape Race at five o'clock last evening. The *Hero* was boarded by the news yacht of the Associated Press, and messages were landed, but not till nine o'clock this morning, the crew having lost their way in a high for.

their way in a thick fog.

Concoan, N. H., July 27.—This morning about six o'clock Jas. S. Williams, a merchant of Warren, N. H., stepped up to Mr. Wyatt and shot him through the beart with a revolver. He died instantly. Williams is under arrest. The cause was trouble about an old debt. Wyatt was a young man and leaves a wife and one child.

Painful Casualty. Philadelphia, July 27.—The factory of Potts & Klett, at Cooper's Point, near Camden, N. J., was destroyed during the thunderstorm yesterday afternoon; eight men took shelter from the rain, therein, of whom three were killed, and three seriously injured. The building was 200 feet long. Loss \$4,000.

Rattrens Accident.

BRUNSWICK, Mr., July 26.—The passenger train from Portland, on the Kennebec and Portland Railroad, was thrown off the track near Bowdernham. Two passenger carrivers turned over. No one killed; one man had an arm broken, and savaral were injured more or less.

Political Excitement in Pairfax County, Virginia

New York, July 27.—Great excitement exists at Occaquan, Virginia, near Alexandria, in consequence of the Republicans raising a banner bearing the names of Lincoin and Haralin. The citizens have tried to demolish it. The Republicans resisted; and dispatched messengers to neighboring towns for arms and ammunition. Governor Letcher ordered General Hatten to call out his troops to protect the Republicans; but the General preferred resigning his command.

At last accounts, it was expected that the military of Alexandria would be called out. Occaquan contains 300 Republicans, and was the residence of Mr. Underwood, the ostracized Republican.

St. Louis, July 27.—A party of seventy in-ternational excursionists, composed of mem-bers of Parliament, various public officers bers of Fariament, various public officers, members of the press, prominent agriculturalists and others, from the Canadas, arrived here this afternoon, and visited some of the principal objects of interest. The excursion was projected by J. B. Austion, of the Illinois Central Railroad, in connection with the Michigan Central, and other Western roads. The party leave for lowa on a special train this evening. train this evening.

Bostos, July 27.—Martha Allen, aged seventeen years, died suddenly at Mansfield and was buried. Circumstances led the Coroner of the county to order the body disinterred, when it was found that she had died from an attempt to procure an abortion. An inquest will be held to-morrow. A young man has been arrested in Mausfield as the instigator

Arrival of the Vigo. NEW YORK, July 27.—The Vigo, from Liv-News anticipated.

Calculation of the Future Increase of Ne-groes in the South-Prospect of Fifty Million Slaves in a Few Years.

The New Orleans Picayune, in referring to the census of the United States, observes: Taking the estimated increase of slaves into the calculation, the numerical power of the South will be enlarged, but the rate of increase will be still found to be very decidedly with the North. The whites in both sections increased at the average rate of about 37½ per cent. in every ten years. The slave population increased from 1830 to 1840, from 2,009,043 to 2,487,455—478,512, or about 22,80 per cent, and from 1840 to 1850, 716,758, or 2,003,043 to 2,487,405—418,012, or about 22.60 per cent.; and from 1840 to 1850, 716,758, or about 28.80 per cent. At the same rate of in-crease, the census of 1860 will show an addi-tion to the number of slaves in the United States of 502 742 and an agreement slaves por States of 922,742, and an aggregate slave population of 4,127,055, three-fifths of which i

Upon these estimates the aggregate population returned by the census of this year, not counting free blacks and mulattoes, will be as follows:

...30,759,39 The representative population will be 29,089,570, of which the non-slaveholding States will have 18,329,744, and the slave States 10,769,826. The proportions of political power, therefore, in the popular branch of Congress, between the North and the South, will be nearly sixthese in this South, will be nearly sixty-three to thirty

South, will be nearly sixty-three to thirty-seven.

If this increase of the slave population should continue in the same ratio, the number within the United States 1870 will be 5,360,000, and, discarding fractions, will be as follows, at successive enumerations: 1880, 7,000,000, 1890, 9,100,000; 1900, 11,800,000; 1910, 15,000,000, and having nearly quadrupled itself in fifty years, and in the lifetime of those who are now born, it may reach to 50,000,000.

PROPOSED MATCH BETWEEN HEENAN AND SOUTHERN NEGRO,-The following challenge appears in Porter's Spirit, the editor of which says that if \$2,500 is paid in to hind the match for \$10,000, it is probable that Heenan

ALBANY, Ga., July 14, 1860.

To the Editor of Forter's Spirit of the Times:

DEAR SIR—I purpose to match a negro boy named Shadrick, belonging to me, against John C. Heenan, in a ring fight, for any sum of money ranging from \$1,000 to \$10,000, the fight to come off in twelve months from this date. The boy weighs 192½ pounds, is six feet two inches high, and twenty-seven years old.

If Mr. Heenan sees fit to accept the above challenge, I propose that it be left to you the precise time, place and terms on which the fight shall take place.

I will deposit with you a check for the amount if Mr. H. consents to wager, provided that amount is over \$1,000. To the Editor of Porter's Spirit of the Times

vided that amount is over \$1,000. Yours, &c., JOEL BELVIEW.

Desperate Conflict Between Two Boa Constructors, Delonging to Wombwell's collection, at present at Plymouth, were, during the hours of exhibition, placed in a glass case, for the purpose of being fed. A rabbit was put into the case, and one of the boas immediately made for the prey. The rabbit, however, cluded the fangs of its enemy by a sudden jump, and the enormous snake, instead of dealing its deadly blow on the poor rabbit, fastened on the other boa; which, finding itself assaulted, immediately assumed the defensive in the most determined manner. Boa No. 2 struck boa No. 1, by which it had heen assaulted, with its frightful fangs. The struggle was now fiercely maintained on both sides. The two monsters writhed and struggled in one another's grasp, and both seemed intent on pressing by its constrictive coil the life out of its opponent. This struggle was at last terminated by the keepers, with the assistance of several gentlemen, but not before one of the combatants was so seriously wounded that fears are entertained that the consequences may prove fatal.

REMARKABLE FORGERY IN CLEVELAND.—The Herald of a late date says: "A few days ago'there appeared in this city a plain-dressed, business-looking stranger, who gave his name as J. R. Coc, from the State of New York. He brought with him and presented to a well known business establishment of this city letters of recommendation from Strain, Adriance & Co., of New York, representing him a responsible wool buyer. He had a draft which purported to have been drawn by the Cashier of the Cherry Valley Bauk, New York, on the American Exchange Bank of the city of New York, calling for about \$1,600, which he wished to get cashed, representing that he wanted to purchase wool in \$1,000, which he wanted to get cashed, representing that he wanted to purchase wool in the neighborhood of Hartford, Licking Connty. He presented it to the various banks of the city, with a request to have it cashed, but being suspicious that all was not right, they courteously declined. He, however, succeeded better with a certain banking house precised the proceeds in cash and ing-house—received the proceeds in cash and left. It is now ascertained that both letters and drafts were forgeries, and officers are in pursuit of the adroit and accomplished swindler."

DESPERATE AFFRAY IN ITALY—ONE HUNDRED PRESONS WOUNDED.—A letter from Rome, in the Paris Patrie, says:

"An untoward event has just occurred at Frozinone. During the drawing of a lottery or tombola, which had been gotten up there, two men began to quarrel, and soon after drew their knives, and a desperate fight took place. The crowd soon became alarmed, and, fearing that the rowd soon tested, when a body of eighty frames, who had been assembled at Frozinoue, in consequence of the fat, seeing the people running, thought that a riot had commenced with the revolutionary party, and, dashing off in pursuit of the fugitives, sabered all they came up with. According to a report sent to Rome of the affair, uppward of 100 persons of all ranks and ages were wounded, some of them mortally." DESPERATE AFFRAY IN ITALY-ONE HUN-

In consequence of the long-continued cloudy sky, which hides all the stars, a report has got about that Venus has actually taken the vall.

HOME INTEREST.

Clothes renovated and repaired, 120 W. Sixth (Rothing renovated and repaired, 59 E. Third. Caurantin's cheap Pictures, 20 Fifth-street.

A. A. Ersrun, Clocks, Watches and Jewelry 353" Pictures in cases for Fifteen Cents, at the Cit

zen's Gallery, 188 and 190 West Fifth-street.

APPLEDATE'S mammoth Gallery, corner Fifth and Main. Mark the place. jes-if Examine the Photographs at APPLEGATE's orner Fifth and Main. Mark the place. Green Turtle Soup will be served this day a WILKINSON'S, 110 Fourth-st.

BET PRICES REDUCED .- Pictures ten cents and up rard at APPLEGATE's Mammoth Gallery, co Fifth and Main.

we If you want a good Picture, call at the south west corner of Sixth-street and Central-avenue. Pictures taken and put in nice glit frames for twenty-five cents; in cases for twenty cents. Bring on the babies—you are sure to get a good likeness.

SHOBMAKER.—On Friday, July 27, Walter E. mly son of Ed. M. and Sarah E. Shoemaker, ago sheeteen menths and twenty-seven days.
Funeral this morning at 9 o'clock, from the real lence, 61 Cutter-at., between Seventh and Eighth.

BE Philadelphia and Bridgeton (N. J.) paper MORGAN.—Suddenly, at Claiborne, Ala., July 16, Lizzle Leonora, aged two years and sine months, mly child of D. H. and Mary Morgan, late of this discount. LLOYD.—Of consumption, on the morning of July 26, Harold Lloyd, son of Mrs. Louisa Lloyd, aged thirty-two years, one month and twenty days.

Wedding and Visiting Cards, Engraved and Printed, Scals and Presses; De La Ru Stationery and Envelopes. SHIPLEY & SMITH, (Successors to H. H. Shipley & Bro.,) 22 West Fourth-stree

SPECIAL NOTICES.

GOOD PAPER DISCOUNTED AT low rates at the UNION BANK.

FOR SHERIFF. SAMUEL J.
THOMAS is a candidate for the office of
Sherif, subject to the decision of the Bell and Everett Convention, August 7. POR SHERIFF.—THOMAS H.
WHETETONE will be a caudidate before
the Convention on the 9th of August for Sheriff of
Hamilton County.

THE FRIENDS OF FRANCIS
TO SHERIFF of Hamilton County, subject to the
decision of the approaching Democratic Convention.

[1927-4w] CKGAR - MAKERS RALLY.
There will be a Mass Meeting of the Jour
permen Cigar-unklers of this city, on RATURDAY,
July 28, at the Singer Hall. By order,
Jacon Throughlo, Secretary.

Jacon Throughlo, Secretary.

NEWPORT ELECTION.—JOHN P.
JACKSON is a Candidate for the Office of
CITY MARSHAL, at the ensuing August election.
[jy26-aw]

NEWPORT ELECTION. - REU
BEN TEDROW is a Candidate for th
Office of CITY MARSHAL, at the ensuing Augus

IT NEVER PAILS.—DANVILLE

Ry. July 1, 1859—Mr. Solon PalmentDear Sir: Willing to bonefit those who are tryuble
with eruptions and cutaneous diseases, I certify tha
a great many cases have come under my personal observation of the incalculable benefit of Faimer
Vegetable Cosmetic Lotion. I have sold it for th
past seven years, and never has a case come within
my knowledge of its failing to be a benefit.

WM. STOUT, Druggiet and Bookseller.

Manufacturer and Imporfer of Perfumory,

Manufacturer and Importer of Perfumery, No. 36 West Fourth-atreet.

KENNEDY'S MEDICAL DISCOVBRY is acknowledged by the most eminent
physicians, and by the most careful druggists
inroughout the United States, to be the most eminent
more suffering, and effected more permanent cures,
than any preparation known to the procession. Series
and the system restored to full strength and vigor.
Full and explicit directions for the cure of ulcerated
sore legs and other corrupt and running theore, is
given in the pamphet with each bottle. For sale
given in the pamphet with each bottle. For sale
GEORGE M. DIXON. Price \$1.

sepis-ay

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